2023 Edition - Status Report on Target E

“From Developing to Implementing National and Local DRR Strategies: Taking Stock of the Midterm Review of the Sendai Framework on Target E”

**Status of DRR Strategies**

- **National**
  - Number of countries with national DRR strategies:
    - 55 in 2015
    - 125 in 2022
    - Overall increase of 127%

- **Local**
  - Number of countries with local DRR strategies:
    - 51 in 2015
    - 91 in 2022
    - Overall increase of 78%

**Trend in National Disaster Risk Reduction Strategies (2015-2021)**

- Number of DRR strategies following a comprehensive alignment with the Sendai Framework:
  - 2015: 15
  - 2021: 63
  - Increase by a factor of 4

- Number of countries with DRR strategies promoting policy coherence and compliance with the SDGs and the Paris Agreement:
  - 2015: 44
  - 2021: 118
  - Increase by a factor of 3

**Conformance of the Assessed National DRR Strategies with the 10 key Elements of alignments with SFAW**

- Percentage of strategies aligned with each element:
  - 54.7%: Have a mechanism to follow-up
  - 58%: Have a mechanism for prioritizing risk
  - 58.00%: Address the recommendations of Priority 1
  - 59%: Address the recommendations of Priority 2
  - 48%: Address the recommendations of Priority 3
  - 38%: Address the recommendations of Priority 4
  - 40%: Address the recommendations of Priority 5
  - 27%: Address the recommendations of Priority 6
  - 8%: Address the recommendations of Priority 7

Number of DRR strategies following a comprehensive alignment with the Sendai Framework

Number of countries with DRR strategies promoting policy coherence and compliance with the SDGs and the Paris Agreement
There is a pressing need to ensure coherence and effectiveness across national and local strategies to reinforce their implementation and impact.

Innovative, forward-looking and inclusive integrated strategies must be designed in full coherence with the SDGs and Paris Agreement, and account for the realities of systemic risk.

New thematic focus

- Disaster induced displacement, biological hazards are being increasingly integrated into DRR strategies based on countries' policy priorities and needs.

More systematic alignment with Sendai Framework

- Qualitative assessment tools and analyses of DRR strategies developed since 2019 are boosting strategies alignment with the Sendai Framework principles.

Integration with climate change

- Many governments have developed their DRR strategy in line with NAPs and integrated climate change considerations into their DRR strategy.

Coherence with SDGs

- Greater coherence established between DRR and SDGs: 20 out of 30 UNSDCF's signed in 2021 include a reference to DRR strategies.

Stakeholders' engagement

- Stronger engagement of UNRCs/UNCs, regional IGOs/RECs.
- 17 UN Organizations supported 90 countries in 2021 in developing, updating or implementing 232 DRR strategies.

There is a pressing need to ensure coherence and effectiveness across national and local strategies to reinforce their implementation and impact.

"DRR Financing and investment remains an area of urgent priority and attention across regions"

‘Budgetary allocation and funding opportunities should be systematically considered as part of ‘financing plans’ to ensure DRR strategies implementation’.

Innovative, forward-looking and inclusive integrated strategies must be designed in full coherence with the SDGs and Paris Agreement, and account for the realities of systemic risk.

Multi-stakeholder and cross-sectoral mechanisms reflecting gender equality and social inclusion need to be improved.

Recommendations to accelerate DRR strategies development and implementation

- Innovative, forward-looking and inclusive integrated strategies must be designed in full coherence with the SDGs and Paris Agreement, and account for the realities of systemic risk.

- A unified risk understanding and approach is required across governments and stakeholders as the basis to design a national strategy that responds to the country’s needs and benefits from full buy-in for implementation.

- Enhancing DRR capacities: Government has the responsibility to foster capacity development, understanding and implementation.

- More systematic engagement of stakeholders and local communities must be encouraged in developing and implementing DRR strategies as a shared responsibility.

- Whole of society approach to DRR: Multi-stakeholder and cross-sectoral mechanisms reflecting gender equality and social inclusion need to be improved through further practices.

- DRR financing and investment: Budgetary allocation and funding opportunities should be systematically considered as part of ‘financing plans’ to ensure DRR strategies implementation.

- Better access to and collection of data: Governments have the responsibility to make data emerging from national risk assessments accessible and available to support DRR strategies, and to evaluate the adopted strategies impact.

- Enhanced vertical integration between national and local levels: There is a pressing need to ensure coherence and effectiveness across national and local strategies to reinforce their implementation and impact.